Kittilä Airport

| KTT/EFKT |
|----------|
| Kittilä |
| Finland |
| |

AIRPORT CONTACT

No changes reported by the airport in 2011 Verify information below with the airport

| Name: | Kari Tohmo | Oili Tapio | |
|---|--|------------------|--|
| Title: | Airport Manager | Terminal chief | |
| Airport: | Kittilä Airport | | |
| Address: | Kittilä Airport Levintie 259 PL 88 99101 Kittilä Finland | | |
| Phone: | +358 16 366 8900 | +358 16 366 8902 | |
| Fax: | fax +358 16 366 8999 or 8992 | | |
| Email:Kari.Tohmo@finavia.fiOili.Tapio@finavia.fiAirport Web Site:www.finavia.fi/airport_kittila | | | |

ELEVATION: 644 ft.

| RUNWAY INFORMATION | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| Orientation Length (m) | | Displaced Threshold (m) | Glide Slope(deg) | Width (m) | |
| 16/34 | 2500 | - | - | 45 | |

NOISE ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

See AIP Finland, ENR 1.5-1.4 Noise Abatement Procedures

4.1 The published SID and STAR routes are also the minimum noise routings.

4.2 After take-off aircraft shall climb as rapidly as practicable to at least 2000 ft.

4.3 The final stage of an instrument or visual approach shall not be preformed below the glide path ILS or PAPI. When ILS GP or PAPI is not available, the approach should be carried out maintaining at least 3 degree glide path.

4.4 Continuous descent (CD) is an aircraft operating technique, enabled by airspace design, procedure design and ATC facilitation, in which an arriving aircraft continuously descends by employing minimum engine thrust, ideally in a low drag configuration, prior to the FAF/FAP.

Note: Irrespective of the recommendation above, the aircraft shall follow flying altitudes specified for departure and arrival routes located within the noise abatement area.

CONTINUOUS DESCENT APPROACH (CDA)

4.4 Continuous descent (CD) is an aircraft operating technique, enabled by airspace design, procedure design and ATC facilitation, in which an arriving aircraft continuously descends by employing minimum engine thrust, ideally in a low drag configuration, prior to the FAF/FAP.

AIRPORT CURFEWS - NONE

PREFERENTIAL RUNWAYS - NONE

OPERATING QUOTA - NONE

ENGINE RUN-UP RESTRICTIONS - NONE

APU OPERATING RESTRICTIONS - NONE

NOISE BUDGET RESTRICTIONS - NONE

NOISE SURCHARGE - NONE

NOISE MITIGATION/LAND USE PLANNING PROGRAM INFORMATION

| Type of Program | Date Implemented | Status |
|---|---------------------|--------|
| Sound Insulation (Residences and Public Buildings) | - | - |
| Purchase Assurance for Homeowners Located Within the Airport Noise Contours | - | - |
| Avigation Easements | - | - |
| Zoning Laws | - | - |
| Real Estate/Property Disclosure Laws | - | - |
| Acquire Land for Noise Compatibility to date | - | - |
| Population within each noise contour level relative to aircraft operations | - | - |
| Airport Noise Contour Overlay Maps | - | - |
| Total Cost of Noise Mitigation Programs to Date | - | - |
| Source of Noise Mitigation Program Funding for Aircraft Noise | - | - |

NOISE MONITORING SYSTEM - NONE

FLIGHT TRACK MONITORING SYSTEM - NONE

NOISE LEVEL LIMITS - NONE

CHAPTER 2 RESTRICTIONS

Chapter 2 airplanes >75,000 lbs are banned from operating at airports in EU Member States as of April 1, 2002.

CHAPTER 2 PHASEOUT

From April 1, 2002 all civil subsonic jet aeroplanes >75,000 lbs operating at airports in EU Member States must comply with the standards specified in Part II, Chapter 3, Volume 1 of Annex 16 in accordance with EU Council Directive 92/14/EEC.

CHAPTER 3 RESTRICTIONS - NONE